

Reimagining Work in the Pandemic and Beyond

PRESENTED BY

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Futurist, author and speaker on the future of work, automation and human capital.

Author, *Reinventing Jobs: A 4-Step Approach for Applying Automation to Work*



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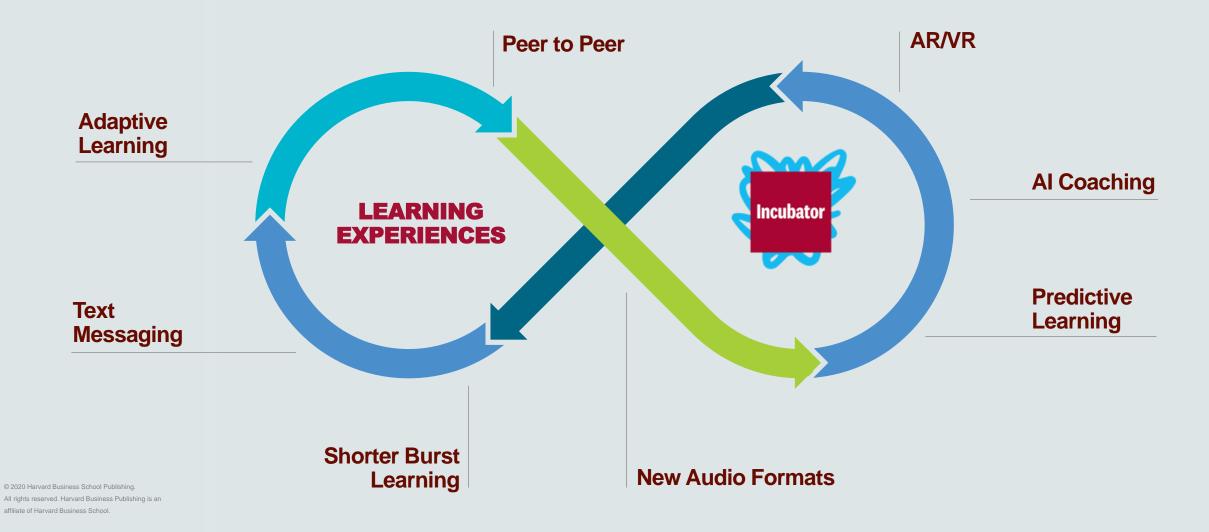


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Innovation shapes our future





Introduction



Ravin Jesuthasan

Futurist, author and speaker on the future of work, automation and human capital.



A 4-STEP APPROACH

Ravin Jesuthasan & John W. Boudreau

Author, *Reinventing Jobs: A 4-Step Approach for Applying Automation to Work*

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The world as we know it has changed

Global health crisis

40-70% of the world's population could become infected with COVID-19

Global economic crisis

Volatile global financial markets, supply chain disruptions, increased unemployment

Humanitarian crisis

Lockdowns, self-isolation, school closures, social distancing, travel bans

What employers are doing

75%	57%	86%	64%	81%	34%
now working remotely	little to no impact on productivity	measures in place to support	performance targets adjustments	good use of social channels	conducted a listening exercise
A		employees		(Slack, Teams, WhatsApp)	(survey, virtual focus group)

Source: Willis Towers Watson COVID-19 Employer Survey

COVID-19 Challenges & Opportunities How we need to work today & beyond

% of organizations that have taken action, planning to, or considering

1 Responding with agility	63% redeploy (and potentially reskill) workers to support another function
2 Leaning into the broader ecosystem	20% borrow or lend talent to another organization
3 Virtualizing work and its implications	57% shift when work is done and where it is done
4 Digitalization and analytics	48% automate certain aspects of work to streamline and/or increase productivity
5 Adjustments to reflect new protocol post-COVID 19	74% touchless payment systems, offering of certain service via video vs in person, spacing out work on assembly lines, etc.

Sources: Willis Towers Watson Readiness Plans for Resetting Business Operations survey of 514 global employers, April 22, 2020 | Willis Towers Watson 2020 Returning to the Workplace Survey of 681 global employers, May 18, 2020 @ravinjesuthasan

A Perspective on the Future

Resilience

New watchwords:

Flexibility

Agility

- For organizations, this means a sustainable reset
 - A portfolio approach to work (automation, gig talent, outsources, etc.)
 - Flexibility to rapidly pivot to reduce risk (work not being bound up in narrow siloes or jobs and less operating leverage)
 - Increased decision making from the edges to enable agility
 - Greater collaboration between companies
 - Work flexibility will be the hallmark of the new deal with the promise of relevance over security

The great dichotomy:

- For workers a quest for certainty and stability
- For companies the promise of continued relevance and clarity

5 key principles for shaping an effective course of action

	2	3	4	5 €
Understand	Adopt an	Understand	Promote	Balance
this as a	agile and	the	employee and	medium-term
defining	continuous	perspectives	company	needs and
leadership	learning	of and	wellbeing	longer-term
moment	mindset	engage all		business
		stakeholders		objectives

Source: World Economic Forum (Workforce Principles for the Covid-19 Pandemic)

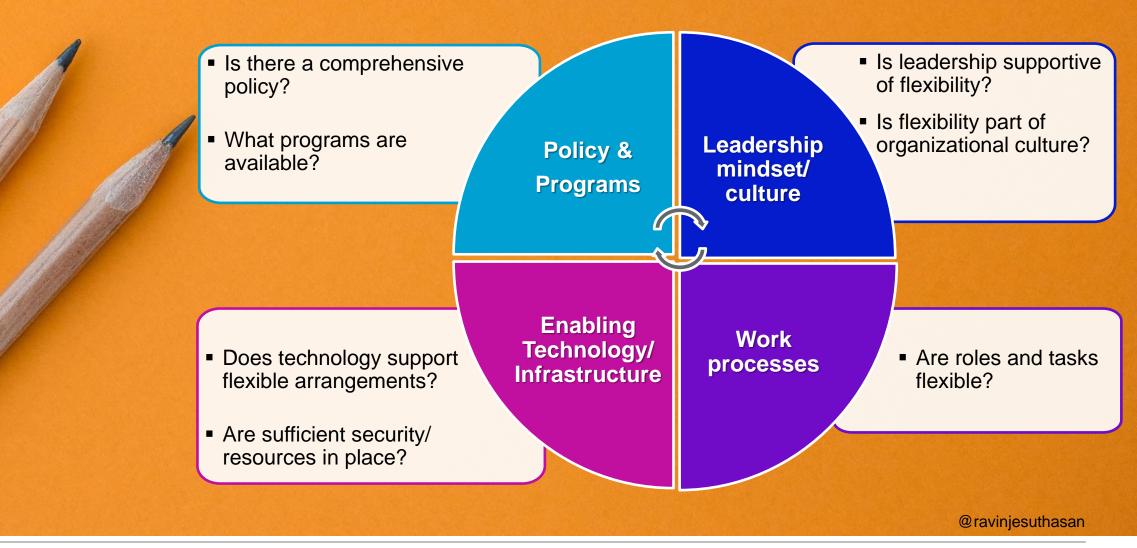
Reconsider Work Design: 4 potential action areas

1) Sustainably manage the shift to flexible/remote working

- Prior to the pandemic, 8% of all wage and salaried employees worked from home at least one day a week, <u>according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics</u>; about 2% worked from home full time. Today, we are at about 35%
- Balance the needs of employees and the company



4 Key Elements



2) Rethink workforce strategy to incorporate contingent labour/gig talent while optimizing the role of automation in a responsible manner

- Certain industries (e.g., distribution and logistics) are seeing a spike in demand and are resourcing that spike with talent from the gig economy. However, as organizations pursue the flexibility afforded by gig talent, it is critical that they do so ethically and responsibly
- As organizations continue on their journey towards greater automation, it is essential that they do so in a responsible and sustainable manner that balances the needs of all stakeholders including workers. Instead of merely looking to replace humans with automation, employers should reinvent jobs to achieve the optimal combinations of humans and machines



Platform Work

- Diversity & inclusion
- Safety & wellbeing
- Flexibility & fair conditions
- Reasonable pay & fees
- Social protection
- Learning & development
- Voice & participation
- Data management

The plurality of work options is already here...and accelerating with the pandemic



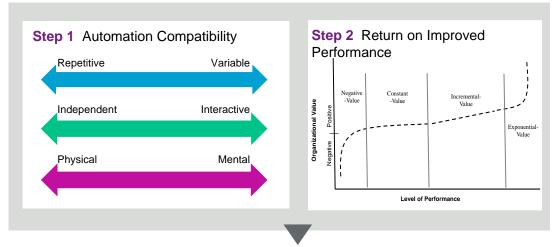
Lead the Work Map

	JobsCollectedEmployment Relationship	TasksDispersedVirtual or Market Relationship
The Assignment	Self-containedDetached	PermeableInterlinked
The Organization	InsularRigid	CollaborativeMalleable
The Rewards	 Permanent Collective and Consistent Traditional 	 Impermanent Individualized & Differentiated Imaginative

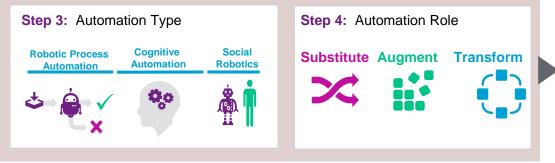
Source: Lead The Work: Navigating a World Beyond Employment, John Boudreau, Ravin Jesuthasan and David Creelman, Wiley, 2015

Optimizing work + automation

Deconstruct the Work



Automate the Work



Source: Reinventing Jobs, Jesuthasan and Boudreau, Harvard Business Review Press, 2019

Optimize the Work

- RPA substitutes for repetitive, independent mental work to reduce mistakes
- Social robotics substitutes for repetitive, independent, physical work to reduce variance
- Cognitive automation augments variable, interactive, mental work to incrementally improve productivity
- Social robotics creates new variable, interactive, physical work to exponentially improve performance

Reskilling Pathways



mapping of developmental interventions to emerging skills demand

3) Consider a cross-industry talent exchange

- Re-deploy select talent with comparable skills from industries facing reduced demand to those facing a significant increase in demand for a limited period of time
- Significantly minimize the frictional cost and time associated with traditional employment transitions while supporting workers in developing new skills and new networks

The World Economic Forum estimates that by 2022, 42% of core skills required to perform existing jobs are expected to change, with over 133 million new jobs created in major economies.

4) Make progress towards your longer-term upskilling and reskilling agenda

- Learning is moving from the fringes to become a centrepiece of the employee experience; this crisis provides companies the opportunity to turn their commitment to continuous learning into a reality for all workers
- Take advantage of this time to identify the skills that talent in various roles should acquire to stay relevant and ensure they have access to the digital resources that can help them develop those skills
- Conduct learning with a view to rapid redeployment within different parts of a business



Using work redesign as a response to the COVID-19 crisis

Using work redesign as a response to the COVID-19 crisis

Use Non-Traditional Talent

Automate



Insurance company redesigning Customer Service job to increase use of automation for 15% productivity gain in call handling



Energy distribution company identified 8% of Advisor work to be moved to freelance talent

Make Work Portable



Financial services
 company re-deploying
 reporting activities to
 central services and
 mobilizing agile teams for
 customer-focus

Shift the <u>Where</u> of Work



Utility company shifting field operations' data collection work to data center

Shift the <u>When</u> of Work



Technology company implemented new work schedules such as "same team shift-work" to minimize on- premise exposure risks

Borrow or Lend Talent



Airline baggage handlers moving to eCommerce logistics in talent exchange

Questions Transforma

Learn more:

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